LUTHERAN WOMAN TODAY

20

NOVEMBER 1990

No.

20



Home-making

For Growth in Faith and Mission

No.

24

Cover meditation ••

After she retired, my mother made an untold number of patchwork quifor her children, her grandchildren, and Lutheran World Relief, using renants of all my old clothes from elementary school through college. Every quilt was like a retrospective of my life, and I would sit for hours identifying each piece, remembering the garment of that fabric and my life at the time.

The quilts brought back moments of joy, pain, happiness, disappointme delight, frustration, and told a fuller version of my life than photograp ever could. There was one quilt that I saw as absolutely ugly. Close example an interest of it revealed that all the fabrics were from what I remembered a miserable time in my life; and queen-sized as it was, the quilt seemed is an indictment of my junior high school years.

As I looked up at my mother's face, however, I saw that she was please with this latest creation of hers. In that instantaneous look I saw the quantum a different perspective: here were my old clothes—generously see

together for me and lovingly created to keep someone warm.

Home is where I can bring all the remnants of my past and have the lovingly sewn together to create something new. And I often find home unexpected moments and with surprising people. People for whom I not drag out the story of every patch of fabric, but people from whom I not hide my heart's response that comes from those patches.

God, who makes a home in us and who makes all things new, is the quil in our lives, the one who takes the remnants of our past and lovingly creat something new. God's transforming grace does not throw out the remnants

of the past, but rather uses those remnants for the present.

In baptism we are called to create the space, and send out the invitation for others to bring their remnants to the quilter, that they too might transformed.

Ruth Sievert Glendale, California

ON THE COVER:

Details from an appliqué quilt from the collection Aleda Harrington.

Lutheran Woman Today (ISSN 0896-209X), a magazine for all women, is developed by Women of Evangelical Lutheran Church in America and published 11 times a year by Augsburg Fortress, S. Fifth St., Box 1209, Minneapolis, MN 55440. Lutheran Woman Today editorial offices are at W. Higgins Rd., Chicago, IL 60631. Opinions expressed in the magazine are those of the writers except for the Women of the ELCA department and the Bible study, are not necessarily the Women of the ELCA.

Copyright © 1990 Augsburg Fortress. All rights reserved. Duplication in whole or in part is prohil without written permission from the publisher. Printed in U.S.A.

Second class postage paid at Minneapolis, MN, and additional mailing offices. Annual subscript group rate, \$6.00 (regular or big print edition); individual \$8.00 (regular or big print edition); on North America add \$5.00 for postage. Single copies, \$1.00 (regular or big print edition). Braille ed available free; audiotape edition, \$18.00 (\$8.00 if visually impaired). Payable in U.S. funds. PMASTER: Send address changes to Lutheran Woman Today Circulation, Box 1209, Minneapolis 55440-1209.

◆◆Letters to the editor

LWT

LWT every month but the 1990 issue is the first one to I could really relate. There busands of us readers who small towns and rural areas re interested in hearing about people like ourselves. The sthis time felt like they were no by people, not by the wire es. Kristl Franklin made me right out loud. She could be essons from the Wellspring ike devotions for me. Please more people articles coming in issues.

Laurie Moline Hawick, Minnesota

Hunt ("Choice Land") is d her own viewpoint, but she little overboard in her ing generalizations.

mers do use efficient nery, and the smallest its of herbicides and insectivhich farmers must be and licensed to buy). We do erirrigate, cultivate nearly all table land, nor have we ated the forested areas or oreaks.

d grief. Our choices are *not* in order to deplete and ge the land. What kind of s does she look at? Must be truers.

Carol Krause Buffalo, Minnesota

House

omen's group found the Bible on Ruth most inspirational. re in the process of choosing nunity service project, and idy seemed to speak directly We chose to set up a residence for cocaine-addicted mothers and their babies. We chose the name "Mary House," and lo and behold September's Bible study is about Mary. Your Bible studies speak to our times and to our hearts.

Betty VanGuilder, Secretary Living Lord Lutheran Women of the ELCA Bradenton, Florida



'Creation' Bags

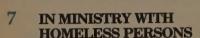
The cotton, environmentally sound "Creation" bags that Lutheran Woman Today highlighted (see March 1990 LWT, p. 46) as part of an opportunity to support women and children in poverty are still available. Featuring the "Celebrate God's Creation" logo from the Women of the ELCA convention and reference to Women of the ELCA and ELCA World Hunger, the bags may be ordered for \$6.00 per bag, plus postage (see below) from Esperanza Sewing Co-op, 6440 Montana, El Paso, TX 79925, phone: (915) 772-4228.

Add postage for bags as follows: 1 bag \$3.00; 3-10 bags \$5.00; 11-20 bags \$10.00; 21-50 bags \$15.00; over 50 bags—call to negotiate. Group orders preferred. Include name, address and phone number of person to receive shipment. Note number of bags ordered and amount of payment enclosed.

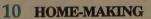
FEATURES

4 MAKING HOMES

Chuck Ruehle
Habitat for Humanity volunteers apply
a "theology of the hammer." ▲ ● ᠑



Mary E. Anderson
A suburban church offers hospitality with a PADS ministry. ▲ ☑



Bonnie Belasic
God calls us, as stewards, to home-making.

12 PIECING THE WORLD TOGETHER

4 BETHLEHEM STAR

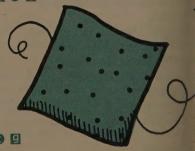
A quilt pattern is offered, just in time for Christmas. 🛕 🖸 🖸

16 LOVE IS A BLANKET

18 PATCHWORK OF LOVE

19 COLLECTING, LIVING, PROCLAIMING WITH ART

Jerry and Avis Evenrud
Create a home and witness with "art for faith's sake."



COMFORT YE MY PEOPLE

Sandra Lake Lassen

Practical ways are offered to help a grieving friend.

THE 1991 BIBLE STUDY IN LWT

Preview "Becoming God's Children:

Biblical Perspectives on Stewardship."

MULTIPLE CHEMICAL SENSITIVITIES

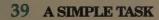
Virginia Jyleen Carlson

Everyday products may be hazardous to vour health. A g

COMING HOME FOR THANKSGIVING

Barbara Benedict Hibschman

Even without all the trimmings, Thanksgiving is a joy.



Rebecca J. Berkas
God is patient when we complicate matters.

40 A FOUNDATION FOR GIVING

48 WEAVE

Genie Craven
The church is one great tapestry. **②** ▲

EPARTMENTS

er meditation

Letters

Bible study

Earthcare

36 About women

38 Shortakes

42 Women of the ELCA

47 Devotion

△ = action, **②** = growth and **⊙** = community.

y J. Stelling

Associate Editor Sue Edison-Swift Editorial Secretary Cynthia J. Mickelson

Production Editor Ann Harrington Graphic Design Lilja Baehr Design

os & Art:

y Sandes, 4-6; Martha Ericson, 10-11; Kate Brennan Hall, 12-13; Lilja r Design, 16-17, 18, 25-30, 39, 47, 48; Tom Boll, 36.

3

Making Homes

Chuck Ruehle

I omemaking! That's what countless volunteers do each year through the ministry of Habitat for Humanity. They literally "make homes" in partnership with low-income families who could never afford to purchase their own home by conventional means.

Here in Milwaukee, we began making homes almost six years ago when a local Habitat affiliate was formed. We rehabilitate old, boarded-up structures, then sell the homes to low-income families.

Habitat attempts to make the Christian faith experience practical by having the Habitat ministry reflect the words of Jesus in Matthew 7:24: "Therefore everyone who hears these words of mine and puts them into practice is like the wise one who builds a house on the rock."

In keeping with the biblical injunction of not charging interest to the poor, homesteaders make payments only on the principal portion of their mortgage. In addition, the rehab costs are held down through the use of volunteer labor and donated

Carroll and Vera Thoren, members of Mt. Hope, We Allis, Wisconsin, help put drywall in a Habitat home



materials. By applying the Hab principles of "no profit—no interfamilies can purchase and ow home for less than what they usu pay to rent substandard housing

Homeowners work alongside volunteers, literally helping to build their own homes. Five hund hours of "sweat equity" by the ho steaders makes up their down

Randy Sandes, a Habitat volunteer from Mt. Hope, took the photos in this article.



Karen Mrachek and Caryl Harvie cut drywall as part of a team of members from Mt. Hope.

young and old, women and men, employed, re-

tired, out-of-work. Some of the volunteers are from the suburbs, others

come from the city.

Habitat is an ecumenical ministry that applies a "theology of the hammer." Theological differences and difficulties fade when Christians work side by side to help another member of God's family. In this way, individuals from a variety of faith traditions make a witness to God through a faith active in love. This witness climaxes when homes are completed. At the house blessing service, those who have swung hammers side by side share the prayers and songs of a variety of faith communities.

The impact of this witness is seen in the parish where I serve, Reformation Lutheran Church, located in the center of Habitat's target area on the near West Side of the city. Habitat is a part of our congregation's neighborhood strategy, which includes advocacy and ministry in the areas of housing, education, economic development, and community building.

This evangelism strategy of being rooted in service and love has helped us grow. Because Reformation members are active Habitat participants, five homestead families and others committed to a servant ministry

This on-the-job training enaowners to learn vital hometenance skills while making a nitment to the Habitat ministry. ngregations and volunteers are eart of Milwaukee Habitat. The regations—many of them Luun—provide leadership, countvolunteers and financial sup-

The individual volunteers lreds of them Lutheran—make mmitment to contribute their and talents because they bedecent housing is a basic huright for all of God's people.

drea and Jim Stollenwerk are itat volunteers from Village ch, a Lutheran congregation in aukee. Andrea, a homemaker elf, enjoys rehabbing houses. says, "I like being with the peohe sense of community, learning skills, and feeling confident in bilities." Andrea and Jim startplunteering with Habitat in the ner of 1989. They work one Saty a month, and also took a s vacation last June to help finehabbing a Habitat home. Ansaid, "I believe in what Habitat ds for. They don't engage in long es about housing. Habitat just it."

abitat volunteers represent a section of our community:

5

Jackie Edwards, Habitat homesteader, and Tom Geile, houseleader from Mt. Hope, enjoy a moment in Jackie's living-room-to-be.



have joined the congregation in recent years.

Jean Leslie, Milwaukee Habitat's executive director and member of Bay Shore Lutheran Church, says, "Habitat creates an excellent opportunity to model a different style of ministry. The dimension of partnership is most important. Not only do we work with others in the city—local churches, government, and trade professionals, for example—but we also put a priority on our relationship with the homesteaders, helping to prepare low-income families for home ownership."

So far, over 20 homes have been completed in Milwaukee. In June, over 250 volunteers worked on eight homes, helping the affiliate to complete 30 by the end of 1990. The local goal is to complete 12 homes a year.

ith over 800 boarded-up homes in Milwaukee, the task sometimes appears overwhelming. Yet, Leslie boldly affirms Habitat's ministry of renewing community, one house and one block at a time.

Our Milwaukee Habitat effort includes six new homes constructed in one week in the summer of 1989 when Jimmy and Rosalynn Carter led over 500 volunteers in a "blitz building" effort. This past summer, the Carters worked in San Diego, California, and Tijuana, Mexico, helping to build six homes in San Diego and 100 in Tijuana.



Currently, Habitat projects of ate in over 400 communities. North America and in 69 location 27 additional countries. There is be a Habitat chapter near you could use your homemaking skill build a home for someone in your munity. You can help perhave a decent place to live through your prayers, your volunteer land your financial contributions.

For more information, contyour local Habitat affiliate or H tat for Humanity International, Habitat Street, Americus, 31709; phone (912) 924-6935.

The Rev. Charles Ruehle is a member of the pastoral staff team

Reformation
Lutheran Church
in Milwaukee,
Wisconsin. He is
the media
coordinator for
Milwaukee
Habitat.



n Ministry ith Iomeless Persons

Mary E. Anderson

e-year-old son. She moved in with her parafter her divorce. Elizabeth is White and is cting a child fathered by a Black man. Her paragave her the choice of having an abortion or ng their home. She chose the latter. She can't job because she has no one to care for her son. In is 45 years old, a college graduate and de traveler. She owned and ran her own resent until the restaurant was burned to the nd, leaving her with nothing. She has little selfem and works in a factory for low wages. Pambking for housing and saving up for a security sit.

mes is 30 years old. He joined Alcoholics nymous and has been sober for two ks. Before that time he lost another in a long s of jobs. He is a talented musician and highly ligent. He isn't ready to go back to the environt where his disease flourished, and he can't get a rehabilitation center.

some things in common. They are all home— They have all been guests at the shelter at my ch in Barrington, Illinois, an affluent suburb illes northwest of Chicago. They are all children he living God, my brothers and sisters—my ds.

pree years ago I saw a paragraph in our local or about a training session for volunteers who interested in serving homeless people. I invesed and was trained as an on-site volunteer, ing once a month at a church in a county north I was shocked and moved by my experiences. All of these people are very different, but they have some things in common . . . they are all homeless, and they have all been guests at the PADS shelter.

EMBER 1990 7

The people I served have needs, hopes, and dreams not unlike my own.
They want respect and dignity. They want people to care about them. They want to make contributions to the society in which they live.

The people I served look just like me! They ha needs, hopes, and dreams not unlike my own. The want respect and dignity. They want people to car about them. They want to make contributions the society in which they live. They certainly did fit my mind's image of homeless people! I wonder how homelessness could be happening in an arwith one of the highest per-capita incomes in the nation.

Each night after serving my four-hour shift, go home to bed, trying not to think too deeply about the people I'd met. I started talking to others about the situation and found the responses predictals "There can't be homeless people here. They must coming out from Chicago." "Most homeless peoprefuse to work. They like living on the streets, at they're all minorities." "Those people have be homeless for so long, you can't do anything to he them."

I prayed more for myself than for the homel people during those times. I knew I needed Go help to be patient and understanding if I wan my friends and our church community to see

problem and hear a call for action.

I found myself saying, "It's true there may not many homeless people in Barrington. But there a homeless people in nearby communities; and Chr calls us to seek out our neighbors who need love a care, to share our bread with the hungry and brithe homeless poor into our homes. We are comanded to see all as our neighbors, especially the in need.

On the first Thursday of March this year, of church opened its doors as a PADS shelter. I am site manager. The process leading up to that oping was not easy. Many members of our communand congregation are still opposed to it, but marmore have been touched with life-changing expenses that speak of God's presence in this undtaking.



Past secretary of Metropolitan Chicago Women of ELCA Synodical Women's Organization, Me Anderson is a wife, mother of two college-aged and a volunteer. She also enjoys a ministry "Neighbor," a clown.

What is PADS?

DS (Public Action to Deliver er) is an acronym which also to the pads of mattresses are placed on the floor for ing. PADS is a specific ment of people concerned with ignity and survival of those less persons whose needs are dequately served by convenl human-services agencies. It DS' philosophy that we pt to take on God's Spirit . . . we try our best to provide tality as unconditionally as ble to those whose hands out to us.

w Does It Work?

IDS operates as a starting for Coalitions for the eless in several counties unding the city of Chicago. Coalition for the Homeless of hwest Cook County was ed in November 1989.) The ose is to provide comfortable er and adequate food during all and winter months (October ough April 30). Coalitions in counties have been in ence for as long as eight years. e well-established PADS' sites confront deeper issues related melessness.

ifferent churches in each coalivolunteer as shelter sites for a cular night of the week. Each church site requires about 23 volunteers a night: on-site volunteers working in four-hour shifts, cooks and food providers, laundry crew, and cleanup crew. A site management team is responsible for the physical operation and volunteer training and scheduling.

3. Financial expenses are minimal, because donations are sought for all bedding (except for the pads, which cost about \$35.00 each), towels, toiletries, games, reading materials. As financial support grows, coalitions hire social workers to visit the sites nightly and office staff to handle communication and detail work.

4. PADS' sites are open from 7:00 P.M. to 7:00 A.M.

Thursday nights have become the highlight of my week. I have a home away from home where I spend time with my friends, both volunteers and guests. I am privileged to see Jesus and receive unconditional love from those to whom I thought I would be only the giver of such blessings.

Mary Anderson

For more information contact

Lyle Manock
Coalition for the Homeless of
Northwest Cook County
505 S. Warren Ave.
Palatine, IL 60067

Home-Making

Bonnie Belasic

When Ruth and Naomi were confronted head-on with homelessness (see Ruth 1), they responded to a rumor in Moab that the God of the household of Judah was serving supper and making a home for people. Naomi and Ruth, who lived in a society where widowhood and homelessness went hand in hand, heard the news of a God who puts bread on the table as an invitation to come home.

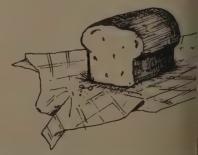
Home is a word that has many different descriptions and definitions. One that offers a helpful perspective on home-making comes from Douglas Meeks of Wesley Theological Seminary in Washington, D.C., who says that home is 1) where people always know your name; 2) where people always can be confronted, forgiven, loved; 3) where people always find a place at the table; and 4) where people can always count on what is on the table being shared with them.*

The United Nations reports that tens of thousands of people will die of starvation today. That is not merely a fact. It is a statement about homelessness and namelessness at about being dismissed, forgotte overlooked. It is a spiritual issue is a concern of, and challenge for Christians who believe that Great chose to make a home with us who a manger stall and itinerant family were transformed into a home and hope for the household of creation.

God chose to become a steward household servant who created home for the homeless. The image God as home-maker may be miss by some who dismiss or don't shome-making for the ministry it Yet many people are speaking out the rich value in being a home-maer and for the promise it holds for tworld in which we live.

The rumors about God's hor making still circulate. These rumoneed to be heard today as invitation by many people. By those who find holes in our country's economic saty net. By those who see, or a among, the increasing numbers homeless. By those of us who a only one or two paychecks away from

God chose to become a steward, a household servant who created a home for the homeless.



me-makers today the men, women children who us on life-styles t renew and tain God's creation.



treets. By those whose names on't know, and whom we easily iss because they are not in our iousness. By any and all people experience isolation, hopelessand alienation.

time is more important than for us—women, men and chil—to be renewed as home-mak—We who live in the household of and know what it means to be ome," to be known by name, to a place at God's table, forgiven oved—we are the home-makers lay. Ours is not the economy of narketplace, which focuses on mulation and self-protection., rather, is the economy of the er Householder who puts every—even life itself—on the table, at all of creation may be at

me-makers of today are called es, to cook meals and wash dishoo offer hospitality. They are I in the kitchens of the world. are also found standing in solty with sisters in development and the globe. They know the poland social processes of the tetplace and advocate for the eless in whatever circumstance. e-makers today are the men, en, and children who focus not asteful accumulation, but on

life-styles that renew and sustain God's creation.

Home-making is really God's economy. When Ruth and Naomi headed home to Judah, they didn't question whether they'd be welcome there. They knew that home-makers in Judah, having experienced God's economy, would make a place at the table for them.

Home-making is stewardship. Home-making is the personal invitation to sit at the table, to be family, to be no longer strangers. ■



Bonnie Belasic is director for communication and stewardship interpretation for Women of the ELCA.

*From a 1988 winter event of the National Council of Churches Commission on Stewardship based on the theme "Peace, Justice and the Integrity of Creation." Copyright © 1988, Commission on Stewardship. Used by permission.

MBER 1990 11

Piecing the World Together

Kristine Carlson

My grandmother would have been 100 years old this year. Had she lived long enough, I imagine that her family would be gathering for a grand centennial birthday party. But she died seven years ago. And so we're celebrating her life in quieter, more individual ways.

It is mainly through memories that I am celebrating my grand-mother. My last memory of her is from just a few days before she died. I remember her strapped in a wheelchair, her lap and legs wrapped in a green quilt. She was making incoherent but happy sounds as she held for the first time her first great-grandchild, my infant son.

But I have other, earlier memories of my grandmother, of times when we both were younger. This summer, when the hollyhocks were blooming, I remembered how my grandmother helped my sisters and me pick hollyhock blossoms and buds in her garden. At the table on her screened porch, she would stand the pink bell blossoms upside-down; then, with needle and thread, she would sew a bud to the top of each. I was thrilled each time as she transformed a blossom and bud into a queen or princess or a lady-in-waiting. My sisters and I would play with them while my



grandmother cleaned green bea from the garden for dinner or talk with my mother.

It is domestic rituals like that I remember when I think of I grandmother. They were her witnes to me of what she valued in life. The were also often a witness of her fait

I recall one domestic ritual the was just such a witness. I watched many times when I stayed with he In the late afternoons, my grammother would put dinner in the owto cook. Then she would get to newspaper, which had just been clivered to the front door. She would carry it to her chair, a green uph stered rocking chair that stood he side the fireplace in the living room There she would sit down and rethe newspaper. While dinner cooks she'd rock and read.

When she had finished the pap she would gather it together and c ry it over to my grandfather's bro chair on the other side of the fi place: it would be ready there for h when he came home from work. A every time, as she walked from to my grandfather's chair, the spaper under her arm, my dmother would say aloud, to no n particular, "The world is going eces. Ja, ja, ja. The world is going eces."

hen I heard her say this, I would ine the world as a large quilt, seams unraveling and empty where whole pieces had come

vould picture the world like this, nk, because of what my grandner did next. Each time, after she grieved over the world, my dmother would go back to her: She would sit down in it and up her sewing. Often, when I little, it would be a small quilt ne of her grandchildren.

seemed that the world was goto pieces. But every day, my that God is a seamstress working to stitch together the kingdom. This quiet, domestic ritual was her witness to me, and it has encouraged me to pray that God would use me, and all of us, to be stitchers, too—stitchers at home and in the world.

The last day of each visit to my grandmother's was a sad day. After hugs and kisses, my grandfather would give us each a stick of gum. Then we would have to get in the car and go. My sisters and I would kneel, crying, on the back seat of the car and look back at my grandmother and grandfather as they stood on the front steps of their house. And for as long as we could see them, they waved their love to us. I imagine them still, with all the saints in heaven, waving love to us who remain on earth. May we be such wavers, too,



I have wondered how my grandmother could keep stitching even as seams were coming undone . . . She could continue because she believed that God is stitching also.

Imother would be busy stitchieces together.

idn't think about it when I was ger, but lately I have wondered my grandmother could keep on ing even as seams were coming ne. I never thought to ask; she told me. But I am convinced she could continue stitching beshe believed that God is stitchlso. Even as events in life and owers of death unravel seams cause empty holes, she could on stitching, because she knew

wavers of God's love in our homes and in the world, which is also our home.

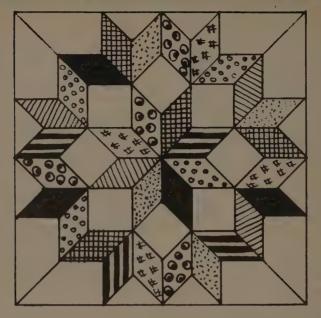
The Rev. Kristine Carlson teaches preaching at Luther Northwestern Theological Seminary. She lives in

Northfield, Minnesota, with her husband and three young sons. She writes, "Rather than quilting, knitting is the way I piece things together."



MBER 1990 13

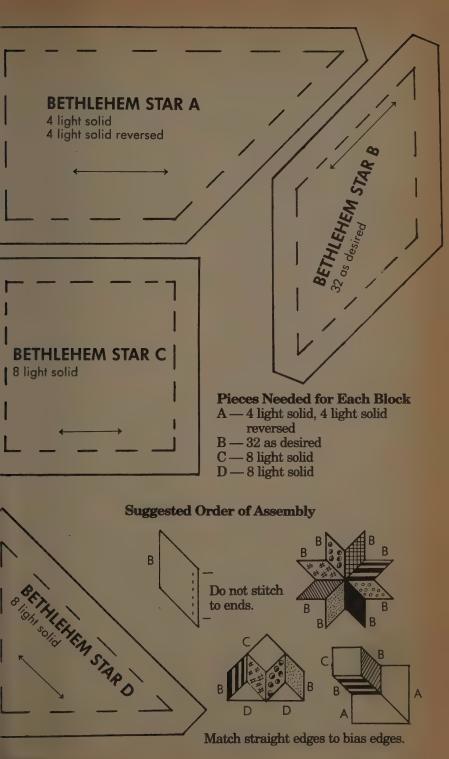
BETHLEHEM STAR



"Bethlehem Star" is a traditional quilt pattern that you can use to create colorful pieces for home, gift-giving, or church. Especially appropriate for Advent, Christmas, or Epiphany, the pattern is reprinted here from *Patchwork Patterns from Bible Stories*.

Stars make up the most popular category of quilt patterns, according to Judy Rehmel, author of *Patchwork Patterns*. This feather-edged star predates 1928. Rehmel suggests creating your star in solids and prints of the same hue; in all solids; or with eight different prints, which gives an overall shimmering effect. To make Advent paraments featuring the Bethlehem Star pattern, use blue fabrics.

Patchwork Patterns from Bible Stories by Judy Rehmel, just published by Augsburg Fortress, features 12 traditional quilt patterns named for stories in the Bible. Each pattern is accompanied by an idea for a project that could be made using the design, as well as a Bible reference, historical notes, and a suggested order of assembly. To order this or other handcraft books, call Augsburg Fortress at 1-800-328-4648. Code LW23-1799, \$6.95.





The quilters at Breckenridge Lutheran Church work together to create warmth and comfort for people around the world. They send most of their quilts to Lutheran World Relief, which in turn sends the quilts to needy people worldwide. While I always have had great respect for the work of the quilters, I never fully realized the importance of the quilts until I became a beneficiary of the quilters' tireless efforts.

One evening a year ago last March, my husband Michael and I watched the evening news with special interest, since the spring flood forecasts were announced that day. Although located on a flood plain, our 45-year old house had never been flooded, so the prediction of mild to moderate flooding did not concern us.

Our small community of Breckenridge, Minnesota, was not prepared for the sudden flooding that took place. Flood waters rose so rapidly that sandbaggers working on top of the dikes could not keep up. At 9:00 P.M. on April 3 I got the police dispatcher's call: "Evacuate now!"

There was no time to remove personal belongings from our home. My husband, a pastor, was not at home when I received the order to leave. Trying to suppress my panic, I hastily packed a suitcase and woke our three children. As I drove with them to meet my husband at the church, the murky, treacherous water rose in the streets.

We took refuge with friends in ru-

ral Breckenridge. I remember the Michael and I did not sleep at all the night. We lay awake, worried, while pering to each other, wondering how badly our home would be damaged

The next morning we listened to local radio and heard that our neighborhood was under water. I telephoned a neighbor to ask whether she could see our house. I remember saying, "I think [the water's] under the saying of the local state of the saying of th

to your top step."

Because the flood waters wer slow to recede, we were unable to re turn to our home for several days. W expected that our home would b badly water-damaged, but wha greeted us was worse. Although flood waters had reached a depth of 12 inches on the main floor, the wor damage came from heating oil. Th flooding caused the fuel oil tank i the basement to spill 130 gallons fuel inside of our home. The thick smelly oil had soaked our carpet oak floors, and furniture. It ha seeped into the walls, destroying th plaster, wall studs, wiring, and it sulation. Our once bright and coz home was a mess. Our heart moaned in despair as we walke through each of the rooms.

Suddenly my family and I wer homeless. We had no beds or furn ture, and we had lost most of or clothing. Word of our situatio spread quickly through the congr gation. Within days, concerned friends had arranged for us to stain a vacant apartment. Food, dished linens, toys for the children, and for are were donated to help make us comfortable as possible. Most imcant, the quilters donated a quilt each of our beds. The quilts were urce of warmth and comfort to us ing those stressful days.

Vithin three weeks, we located a hished home to rent. As soon as few boxes were in the house, I can to make up the children's s. The quilt I spread on my

ghter's bed was ow and blue, and le up of small ares of fabric n in a lovely pat. Although my ghter had used quilt for several ks, I hadn't takhe time to notice truly beautiful

the richly pated quilt top, I
nined closely its
iil. The handwas intricate
perfectly comed. The ties were
ly knotted and
ly snipped. The
ing was careful-

wn to be durable and strong.

The quilt fabrics were of varying and design, yet they were at together into a beautiful, incking pattern. It occurred to me just as the pieces of the quilt are a together with interlocking nes, all people are linked togethem the fabric of our world. In a way, patchwork quilt represents all lifferent people of the world. We ach individual in our attitudes, tyles, and backgrounds, yet we so much of what it means to a man. We have our happy mo-

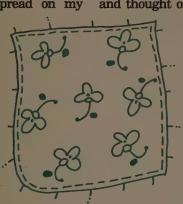
ments and our moments of exasperation. We are each different, yet we are alike in our hopes for the future and our desire for security and happiness. The flood was a tragedy for me, but I knew that I was not alone. The emotions I felt were shared by many others who experienced hardship in their lives.

I sat down on my daughter's bed and thought of the people who cre-

ated her guilt. In my mind I could picture the quilters working together in the church basement. The scene was busy. happy, and purposeful. I could see the quilters leaning over their frames, sewing machines, and the cutting tables, their hands busy while they visited with each other. I heard their voices and the constant hum of sewing machines. I smelled the coffee brewing and the luncheon casseroles baking. And I could feel the love and con-

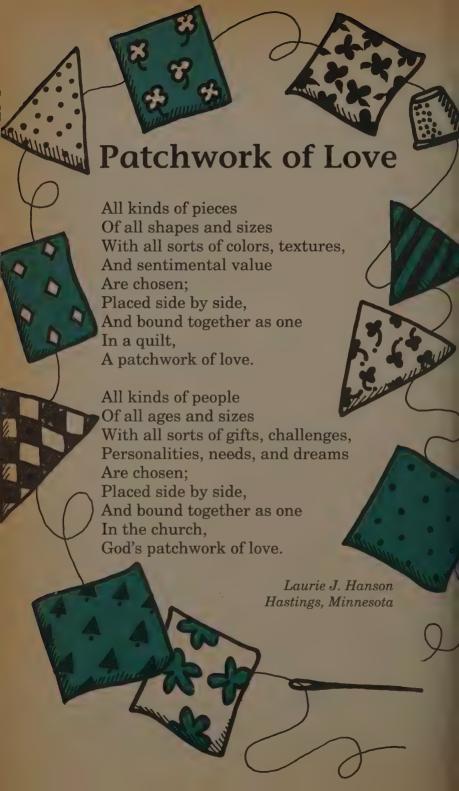
cern that flows from the quilters' hearts, through their hands, and into each quilt they create.

In September 1989 my family and I were able to move back to our home, after six months of fixing and repair. The quilts moved with us, of course, as they will wherever we might go.



The quilts were a source of warmth and comfort to us during those stressful days.

Teresa Gustafson is a writing lab instructor at North Dakota State College of Science in Wahpeton, North Dakota.



Collecting, Living, Proclaiming ith great care and much with Art

ought you have chosen, med, and hung pictures in ur home or office. Some of the rks are photographs of family and onds, perhaps a colorful floral at or painting, a landscape here a geometric abstract there. Your ng space has that comfortable ed-in look. Your environment has biance; it is more beautiful with

Because you invested the time, eny, and money, your colorful rooms pleasant to live in, pleasant to t. Your life and all the lives you ch are enriched by your attention I concern.

Iave you ever thought of environntal ambiance as evangelism?
ve you thought of "art for faith's
e"? Have you thought of sharing
r faith visually in your dwelling,
our place of work, in your church?
Ve would like to share a part of
experience of collecting art, livwith art, and proclaiming the
h with art.

a 1956, the first year of our marge, we began collecting art. Our tacquisition was an inexpensive roduction print, *Sunflowers*, by cent van Gogh. The vibrant yelcolors provided sunlight even ing the evening. The exquisite vers reminded us of the wonder of the storal creations. At the time we

Jerry and Avis Evenrud

were living in a small, bleak apartment. The *Sunflowers* worked miracles; the space was transformed. Thirty-four years later we still enjoy that print; it has been on many different walls, but it now has many companions. Our collection has expanded to fill the walls of our home in Edina, Avis's office in Minneapolis, and Jerry's office and apartment in Chicago.

And what does the collection in-



Joseph, a serigraph by Amos Amit. Copyright ® Amos Amit. Used by permission.



Prodigal Son by Robert J. Aldern, who is on the faculty of Augustana College, Sioux Falls, South Dakota. Copyright © Robert J. Aldern. Used by permission

clude? We are both musicians, so it seemed most appropriate to include early music manuscripts. We have several Gregorian manuscripts from the 13th and 14th centuries grouped together in an entryway of our home. One of the manuscripts proclaims in illuminated letters from the propers for Christmas Day: "Hodie Christus natus est"—"Today Christ is born." During the Christmas season that

manuscript is placed near our collection of crèches from countries throughout the world.

Our collection has been enriched by another focus. We have had the pleasure of discovering several artists whose subject matter has been inspired by Old and New Testament narratives. A conversation about our Christian faith has often been prompted by visitors viewing David Playing the Harp by Marc Chagall Mary and the Child Jesus by Robert George, Jesus Walking on the Water by Robert Hodgell, or prints on the prodigal son theme by Sybil Andrews and Joan Bohlig.

Since 1983, when we were on sabbatical at the Royal School of Church Music in England, we have focused our collecting on art based on the parable of the prodigal son (see Luke 15). In addition to the visual arts, our collection includes hymns, anthems, oratorios, operas, ballets, books, sermons, slides, and decorated plates. We even have a tape of Garrison Keillor which begins, "Once there was a father who had two sons and

a daughter-in-law."

The fascinating aspect of our collecting has been the discovery of the many-faceted approaches presenter by the artists. Eighteenth-century artists usually portray the father if the parable wearing a powdered will much like George Washington's. The influence of many cultures enriche our collection and is dramaticall displayed in the art of Sadao Watar abe, the Christian artist from Toky in the brilliant colors of the works John August Swanson of Los Ar geles, whose father is Swedish an his mother Mexican; and in the works of Larry Rank, an Oregon ar ist who presents biblical narrative in the style of Northwest Nativ American art.

Yet another facet to explore is the credible variety of media used by tists: watercolors, oils, wood-block ints, etchings, photographs, sculpre in wood and metal. The list ems endless. Recently, some arts are even exploring a new artistic ena—telefacsimile (FAX) transsion.

Many of the congregations in our rangelical Lutheran Church in nerica are already deeply involved sharing the faith with significant rks of art in all media. The quest inform and inspire through art ver ends; the possibilities are ever



viel Among the Lions by Robert Hodgell.
right © Robert Hodgell. Used by permission.

There are always new artists with the insights, inventive media, inative arrangements of space and in new ways to alert and sensitize ple to the power of God the Cre-

leslie Brandt's paraphrase of lm 8 was printed in 1979 by calaphist Father Damian Kraus, J.B., of the Blue Cloud Abbey in th Dakota. Our framed print les as a daily reminder of the whelming potential we have in larts: O God, how full of wonder and splendor you are!

I see the reflections of your heauty and hear the sounds of your majesty wherever I turn.

You have made me in your image
You have assigned to me
the fantastic responsibility
of carrying on your creative activity.

O God, how full of wonder and splendor you are!

From *Psalms*/Now by Leslie Brandt. Copyright © 1973 Concordia Publishing House. Reprinted by permission.

A fantastic responsibility and a great privilege indeed. We have a vision, we have a dream. Members of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in America are boldly proclaiming on walls and in other spaces all over the place "art for faith's sake."

Avis and Jerry Evenrud reside in Edina, Minnesota, where Avis teaches music (K-6) in the Edina school system. Jerry works for the

Division for Congregational Life at the ELCA churchwide offices in Chicago in the area of music and the arts.



"Comfort Pe My People"

Ten Practical Ways to Help a Grieving Friend

Sandra Lake Lassen

We've all heard it, or said it: "Call me if I can help." We use those words when we try to comfort a grieving friend. Chances are your friend will not make that call unless you are more specific in your offer to help. Last year, my mother died very unexpectedly. How well I remember those friends who were a genuine comfort and seemed to know what we really needed most.

- In the first hour after the death of a loved one, your friend will have very concrete needs. Volunteer to stay and answer the phone while the family visits the hospital or makes funeral arrangements or rests. Take careful messages on a running list with complete name, time of call, and return telephone number. Keep a telephone directory handy in case your friend needs you to make necessary calls.
- What can you say that will comfort your grieving friend? A simple "I am so sorry" smooths the way. Avoid saying, "It's a blessing, or "It's God's will." Your friend may not feel that way at all. When in doubt, give a hug and say nothing. Don't say, "I know just how you feel," unless you really do. After my mother died, a neighbor simply said, "My own mother died just four weeks ago. I know what it is like." Then he opened up his guest room to some of ou out-of-town family. His sincerity was a real comfort.
- Ask if you can arrange for someone to "house-sit" on the day of the funeral or memorial service. Sadly, there are thieves wheread the obituaries, and it is a time to remember security.
- Offer to tidy up the house. The day before Mother's funeral, two of her dearest friends came over and cleaned house from top to bottom. They cleaned and cried, then cleaned and cried some more, bending their backs to perform chores none of us were uto. What a gift!
- Errand-running can be time-consuming and overwhelming those grieving. Relatives and friends may be coming to tow Picking up family at the airport, or arranging for lodging a important contributions you can make.

- Don't just say, "I want to help." Do it! The everyday routines must go on—children need baby-sitting and to be driven to school, the family dog must be exercised, your friend may need a prescription filled at the local drug store. Make a specific offer, such as, "I'd like to bring dinner over tomorrow. Have you had lasagna recently?"
- If you bring food and do not know specifically what is needed, make something that freezes well and try to put it in containers that needn't be returned. If your container should be returned, label it, including the lid, in indelible ink right on the container. Some other helper may load the dishwasher and all the taped labels may wash off! If the food needs cooking or heating, also tape on instructions. Keep food selections simple so that all the family, young or old, can enjoy what you have brought.
- If your friend receives flower arrangements at home, you can help by keeping a careful record of all deliveries. Write on the back of each gift card who sent the flowers and a full description of the arrangement. Also record each floral gift on that running list by the telephone, in case the cards get lost. Remove wilting flowers and make certain the arrangements have enough water.
- In a few days, when the initial grief period is over and out-of-town relatives and friends are gone, your friend will need you more than ever. Be a good listener. Invite your friend over for dinner. Go shopping or run errands together. When people grieve, there is a tendency to "hole up" and become reclusive. If you see signs of severe depression, call your local hospital and ask about grief therapy courses. Encourage your friend to attend—in fact, offer to drive!
 - Later there will be closets to clean, clothing and personal memorabilia to sort. This is one of the most painful and monumental aspects of grieving. Encourage your friend to do a little at a time and to expect tears. Tears are an outward sign of inner healing. How can you help? Volunteer to sort clothes, inventory items for charity, and/or arrange for pickup.

Looking back on my own family's sad time, I realize that it was our friends who used common sense and helped with everyday tasks who were the most comfort. Follow your own good instincts and you will say and do the right thing for your friend in need.

Sandra Lake Lassen writes from her home studio in Port Orange, Florida, where she lives with her new husband, Dallas Lassen.

VEMBER 1990 23

If Words Could Only Express...

"When Mary came where Jesus was and saw him, she knelt at his feet and said to him, 'Lord, if you had been here, my brother [Lazarus] would not have died.' When Jesus saw her weeping, and the Jews who came with her also weeping, he was greatly disturbed in spirit and deeply moved. . . . Jesus began to weep" (John 11:32-33,35, NRSV).

Even with the promise of the resurrection, Christians are not immune to grief. Through Scripture we know that during his earthly

life Jesus both felt sorrow and offered comfort.

As Christians we often feel called to offer comfort to the grieving, and we understand that to comfort is a ministry. We want to say helpful words at a time when they can be heard, in a way that they

might be understood.

In a time of grief, has someone said or written something to you that offered comfort? What were those words? Consider sharing them with LWT readers, by filling in the response request below. Those received by December 21, 1990, will form the basis of a follow-up article in LWT.

Briefly describe why you were grieving.

Who comforted you? (Include a first name and relationship to you.)

What did this person say or write?

Your name:

City/State:

Mail by December 21, 1990 to

Response Request Lutheran Woman Today 8765 W. Higgins Road Chicago, IL 60631

People Joined in a Song

Study Text: Luke 1:46-55
E. Louise Williams and Phyllis N. Kersten

ometimes words are not enough. You can perhaps recall such times—times of great joy or deep grief or overwhelming awe. Times when ordinary words seemed inadequate to express what felt. Still you wanted to try. Perhaps you resorted to some bits of ry you learned in high school, or to some phrases you had heard e childhood, or to a piece of music or song you knew. And through the means you communicated for yourself, to those around you, and maps to God, what was in your heart.

must have been a little like that for Mary. She was so filled with it had happened—the angel's message, Elizabeth's greeting, the some truth that she was to be mother of the Son of God—that in the depth of her heart she said what ordinary words could scarce—

mmunicate.

isten to, read through, or sing some version of Mary's song. (You ht listen to the *Magnificat* sung on Session 11 of the "Companions Your Journey" audiocassette, or read the contemporary version of y's song on page 97 of the Bible study resource book.)



What strikes you most about Mary's song? Perhaps a word, a phrase, the music, the mood? What posture do you imagine Mary in as she sang this song?

This song has a history. It is named the *Magnificat* after *magnificat*, the first word in its Latin translation ("My soul magnifies"). In singing this song, Mary reached back to the well-loved texts of God's ancient people. The song had been sung from generation to generation. It later became a part of early Chris-

Bible study



tian worship. We know that it was part of the church's litur already in the fourth century A.D. Tradition says that St. Be edict in the sixth century first used the Magnificat at vespe or evening prayer. We can be certain that at least from Benedict's time, each evening Christians somewhere ha sung Mary's song.

Mary's song can be heard today in every conceivable music style and language. In prayerful plainsong in a Benedicti convent. With guitar around a campfire. In the beautiful "E ning Prayer" service in Lutheran Book of Worship. With tru pets and tympani in Johann Sebastian Bach's rich choral m sic. As a freedom chant by oppressed Christians in Cent America. As the climax of evensong in the lofty cathedrals England. In the haunting sounds of a Black gospel soloist. A with Caribbean percussion and dance. Each is a version of t same song-of praise, of hope, of promise.

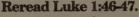
When we join in this song, we discover companions we h not before imagined. This song of Mary calls us from the pa through the present, into a future when God's final victory v be won. In the meantime, let us learn about Mary's song, a how to make it our own.



JOURNEYING THROUGH THE WORD

The note to introduce the song

Luther wrote, "Just as a book title indicates what is the cont of the book, so this word magnifies is used by Mary to indicate what her hymn of praise is to be about, namely, the gr works and deeds of God, for the strengthening of our faith, the comforting of all those of low degree, and for the terrify of all the mighty ones of earth. We are to let the hymn se this threefold purpose; for she sang it not for herself alone for us all to sing after her."*



■ In these words we get a sense of Mary's whole being, soul and spirit, entering into her praise. And we see alrea in these introductory verses how her religious training fu expression as she echoes the songs her family must have su Psalm 35:9: Hannah's hymn from 1 Samuel 2:1; and the hy of the prophet Habakkuk in Habakkuk 3:18. The whole M nificat, in fact, becomes a kind of mosaic of Old Testamo

*From Luther's Works, Vol. 21, copyright © 1956 Concordia Publish House. Reprinted by permission from Concordia Publishing House.



Have any occasions caused you to burst forth in se? If so, what were they? Are there songs or hymns know by heart that come to your lips when you are d with joy? How did you learn them?

Look at Hannah's song in 1 Samuel 2:1-10 and note similarities with Mary's song. What do you know at Hannah and what do you think she had in commute with Mary?

What great things God has done

In verses 48-50, Mary begins to list the reasons for her praise. Some are personal—what God has done for her—and others are connected with God's presence in history, that is, what God has done to deliver God's chosen people, Israel.

First, Mary offers praise because the God of all creation *regarded*, or looked with favor on her, a person of "low estate," or completely unworthy of such regard from God.

In what ways do you think Mary was of "low es"? Who are some people who appear of "low estate" ar world today? How do you think God regards them? Here any sense in which you would consider yourself we estate?

or God to regard such a lowly one is miracle enough. Mary sees another, perhaps even more amazing, acle: "all generations will call me blessed."

How have previous generations called Mary blessin what ways does our generation call Mary blessed? do you?

> Words like great things, holy, mighty, and mercy would have reminded people of Mary's day of the Exodus—of God's mighty deeds in delivering the chosen people Israel from slavery in

EMBER 1990 27

Egypt. Those words would also call to mind the covenant Go made with them on Mount Sinai, a covenant of love and mer in choosing Israel, lowly and without merit. People of low e tate like Mary, dependent upon God, take comfort in a might God who does great things and who shows great mercy.

What are the "great things" that Mary might list if she were to elaborate on this phrase in terms of her own life?



Turning things upside down

■ Here Mary moves from personal to more general reasons for her praise. With the baby Mary carries in her womb, God ushering in a new age, an age in which things are turned upside down. Mary sings her song in the past tense, as if the victory her son is to win has already been accomplished. Lul wants to make it perfectly clear that all that was done by Jest death and resurrection started here. It's as if it is already done but not yet fully accomplished.

For Luke, the *proud* were the opposite of the poor. The proposite of the poor. The proposite of the poor. The proposite of the poor. The proud were therefore considered God's enemies—to scattered, confounded in their own hearts where their reasons the proposite of the poor. The proposite of the proposite of the poor. The proposite of the poor. The proposite of the poor. The proposite of the proposite of the poor. The proposite of the poor. The proposite of the poor. The proposite of the prop

ing power, their pride, is found.

The *mighty* were the princes, the potentates, the people wi great power—especially power over other people. The mighty ones are toppled from their thrones.

Those of low degree, on the other hand, are lifted up. He nah's hymn in 1 Samuel 2:7-8 refers to lifting the "poor from the content of the co

the dust" and the "needy from the ash heap."

There was real poverty among the early Christians in Jessalem. Jesus' gospel attracted many we would call underprileged—outcasts, the undervalued, the sinners, the poor, twomen. Living under the Romans, both Jews and Christia in Galilee knew what it meant to be poor and hungry, opressed by absentee landlords and by unfair taxes, as the Gileans were in New Testament times. But, there are so man other ways to be hungry, too—for love, for safety, for a plate belong, for freedom. The list could go on.

All these poor, hungry ones are those to be filled while rich are to be left empty.

There are no be read example.

ad Luke 1:51-53.

Where do you see yourself in these verses? Where you see an Appalachian mother who cannot read? A in who has lost his job? A landless farm worker in El yador? A person with AIDS? A Black woman in Naia? Where do you think those people would see you? In are the proud, the mighty, the rich today? And who the lowly and the hungry in our world?

For whom is this song hopeful? For whom does it ad like a threat? How do you hear it?

Read verses 54-55.

Here Mary remembers her heritage—a child of Abraham and Sarah to whom God made promises long ago. And now those promises are fulfilled in Jesus.

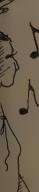
Again Mary sings in the past tense as if God has already done it all. Like Mary, we too sing with firm conviction that God has in Christ turned the world upside-down. Like Mary, we wait in hope until that day when we can see it completely with our own eyes. And like Mary, we have much to do until it happens.

COMPANIONS IN DEED

In some South American countries, where priests and their poor parishioners often talk about Bible events in everyday terms, some people say that Mary of the *Magnificat* would look just like them. (See the Bible study resource book, pages 97-99, "Mary's Song: Whom Do We Hear?" adapted from Robert McAfee Brown's *Unexpected News: Reading the Bible with Third World Eyes.*)

When Mary's song becomes our song, we find ourselves in it and are called to action.

EMBER 1990 29



Bible study

Take a moment to list ways that you are involved, directly or indirectly, in raising the lowly, feeding the hungry, and supporting God's people. You may recall especially the goals of the Ecumenical Decade of Churches in Solidarity with Women and note any ways you are working toward those goals.

Consider one or more additional ways you personally, or as a group, might help the promise and hope of this song come to be more fully realized. (Example: by volunteering at a food pantry or soup kitchen; helping someone learn to read; giving special attention to a neighbor or church member who seems left out; writing a letter about hunger to your congresspersons; praying for people who work with, or receive, some type of general assistance; and so forth.) Commit to at least one action, and write it down below.

COMPANIONS IN PRAYER AND PRAISE

Silently think of yourself as one on whom God has looked wi favor, as one whom God has lifted up and filled, as one who God's Spirit empowers to play a part in bringing about the things we sing of in the *Magnificat*.

Sing (or speak) Mary's song as your own song, remembering how it connects you with Christians through the ages at around the world. (You might sing together LBW 180, or to version of the *Magnificat* beginning on LBW page 147. (choose some other version.)

Close with a prayer thanking God for the companions ware joined with you in this song.

JOURNEYING ON

Next month we will celebrate Christmas as we reflect on t familiar story from Luke 2:1-20. In preparation, you may wi to learn about a Christmas custom from an ethnic group culture different from your own.

© Copyright 1990 Augsburg Fortress. May not be reproduced with permission.



coming God's Children: lical Perspectives on Stewardship

DEEK 1891 BIBLE STRUDE IN L. WA Companions on Your Journey: Studies of Biblical en comes to a close with the December issue, it is an rtune time to look ahead to the 1991 Bible study in LWT: ming God's Children: Biblical Perspectives on Stewardship. ne coming study supports the 1990 Triennial Convention theme ebrate God's Creation" and Women of the ELCA's 1991 programmatic ne "Women: Becoming." Parts One, Two, and Three (January through ust) are written by Foster and Jannine McCurley. Part Four tember through December) is written by Eva and Michael Rogness. A mary of the session texts is included below.

Part 1: A New Creation in Christ explores our relationship to God through Jesus Christ and our relationship to other children of God.

Session 1: "A New Creation" (2 Corinthians 5:16—6:2) Session 2: "All One in Christ Jesus" (Galatians 3:26-28)

Part 2: Jesus' Teachings on Stewardship looks at key stewardship passages in the Gospel of Luke.

Session 3: "Good News to the Poor" (Luke 4:16-21) Session 4: "Wise Stewards" (Luke 16:1-9, 19-31)

"Who Proved to Be Neighbor?" (Luke 10:25-37) Session 5:

Part 3: God's Will for Creation looks at God's intentions for "the new day" and how God's will for creation is different from what has developed because of human

sinfulness. "In the Beginning" (Genesis 1 and 2)

Session 6: Session 7: "A New Heaven and a New Earth" (Isaiah 65:17-22)

Session 8: "All Flesh" (Isaiah 2:2-5; Joel 2:28-29)

Part 4: **Living Out the Promise** explores the themes of blessing: what it means to offer ourselves in sacrificial service; how to love one another; and an Advent passage on waiting for the day of the Lord.

Session 9: "Be a Blessing" (Genesis 12:1-3)

Session 10: "Transformed Minds" (Romans 12:1-2)

Session 11: "The Vine and the Branches" (John 15:1-17)

Session 12: "Lives of Holiness and Godliness" (2 Peter 3:8-14)

MBER 1990 31

About the Authors

THE 1991 BIHLE STUDY IN LIMI The Rev. Jannine McCurley serves as Director of Interpretation for Lutheran Home at Germantown, Pennsylvania. The Rev. Dr. Foster McCurley is a parish pastor at Trinity Lutheran Church in Reading, Pennsylvania. Lutheran Vespers (an ELCA radio ministry) will include an interview with the McCurlevs about the Bible study in their November 11, 1990 program. Contact Lutheran Vespers (800-638-3522, extension 2967) for a list of stations.

The Rev. Eva Rogness is a staff chaplain at Abbott Northwestern Hospital in Minneapolis, Minnesota. The Rev. Dr. Michael Rogness is professor of Pastoral Theology and Homiletics at Luther Northwestern Theological Seminary in St. Paul, Minnesota.

To Order

The study sessions for *Becoming* God's Children are only available in the 1991 issues of Lutheran Woman Today. Use the order form on the inside back cover to order an individual subscription, or see your congregation's group coordinator to be added to a group list.

Supplemental resources are available to enrich the study, including

the:

Resource Book

Order one per participant for biblical commentary, opportunities for further study, and suggestions on how to apply the study's concepts to daily life (order number 2-9125, \$3.50).

Leader Guide

Order one for each leader facilitating a group's study of Becoming God's Children (order number 2-9126, \$2.75).

1991 Daily Bible Readings, an accordion-fold bookmark-sized piece, suggests biblical texts for daily reading during the year to enrich the study.

These supplemental resource may be purchased through the Won en of the ELCA catalog or at you nearest Augsburg Fortress location Augsburg Fortress customer servi [800-328-4648] can help with que tions.

In the September 1990 Women the ELCA Resource packet, ever ELCA congregation was mailed a ditional helps for Becoming Goo Children: Biblical Perspectives Stewardship. For example, include in the packet is a pattern reprodu tion sheet of the study's logo to he in the making of banners or poster

Questions or comments about the Bible studies in LWT should be rected to the Rev. Ivis LaRivier Mestre, Director of Educational R sources, Women of the ELCA, 876 W. Higgins Road, Chicago, Illino 60631.

May God bless our study of t Word and help us grow in faith a mission as one journey ends a another begins. Amen.

ultiple hemical Sensitivities

Virginia Jyleen Carlson

l like crying. My and is attending ent services at ch and I am e. Christmas Eve also find me at e and my husat church. Every ay is the same. I been an active ch member in the but now I dislike days because I ot take part in ch activities. m one of the rap-

growing number

d countries who have developed commental Illness which manifices (MCS). Ten years ago I went d one night with complete toles for 20th-century living. The day a friend visited wearing me and I was ill for five hours a sore throat, asthma and bronspasms. That was the begin-

thin three months my sensitive expanded to include virtually all nemical products we use every cannot use toilet cleaners, hair perfumed products, fabric ners, deodorant soap, waxes, new polish, new fabrics, new

15 percent
of the
population
experiences
hypersensitivity
to chemicals
found in
common
household
products.

leather goods, polyester or nylon, spray cans, all pesticides, rug cleaners, new carpeting, new cars . . . the list goes on and on.

I cannot go into a new home or into apartment buildings. The pesticides and strong cleaning products used in public buildings keep me from going into churches, museums, or theaters. I know the spraying schedules of the restaurants and

grocery stores I frequent.

The Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology of the National Research Council (the research branch of the National Academy of Sciences) estimates that 15 percent of the population experiences hypersensitivity to chemicals found in common household products. MCS is characterized by intolerance to small amounts of chemicals that do not seem to affect most people. Because chemicals have a sensitizing capability, people can become sensitive to low levels of a chemical and experience cross-reactions to other chemicals.

Chronic low exposures to contam-

MBER 1990 33

inants appears to sensitize susceptible individuals, and most people with MCS (about 80 percent) are women. When people become sensitized. they react to almost everything that is considered common in the 20th century, including paints, detergents, dry-cleaning solvents, smoke, latex, gasoline and diesel fuels, newsprint dyes, and glues.

People with MCS drink filtered water, wear cotton, eat organic food, sleep in bare-floored bedrooms, purchase old cars and old houses

that have not been sprayed. They are usually housebound. If they encounter one person with hair spray, deodorant, perfume, or new clothing,

they become ill.

Their reaction may show itself in many different ways: asthma, Parkinson-like symptoms, headache, confusion, diarrhea, arthritis, nervous system problems, coughing, sore throats, blurred vision, loss of muscle control, crying, hyperactivity, or depression. Blood tests show that each of us is carrying a tremendous chemical load. Our immune systems are already stressed, and it takes only one more chemical exposure to trigger MCS.

For two years I served as President of HEAL, Inc. (Human Ecology Action League), an education/information agency with over 200 support groups listed in six English-speaking countries. Most of the board members have MCS; those that don't have spouses that do. We are a rap-

Each of us is carrying a tremendous chemical load. Our immune systems are already stressed, and it takes only one more chemical exposure to trigger MCS.

idly growing organization, since more per ple are becoming if every day from the pollution in our environment and are in need of help.

I hope that Chris tians become increas ingly active in the en vironmental move ment and live as goo stewards of this earth We can, for instance attempt to use nontox ic cleaning products go easy on perfum products, and qui spraying our churche and schools with pe ticides. Children hav immature immun systems

should be especially careful not to e pose them to harmful chemicals.

For more information about Mutiple Chemical Sensitivities, wr. Human Ecology Action League, P. Box 49126, Atlanta, Georgia, 3035 1126, which publishes a quarter magazine for its members. (Inclua stamped, self-addressed envelowith your request.)

Virginia Carlson of Ames, Iowa, i member of Bethesda Luther Church, where she has been involved

in her women's organization. She and her husband, Norman Carlson, have reared three children and now enjoy six grand-children.



Iontoxic Leaning Iethods

ne Grosfield Knudson

wareness grows of the risks ndoor pollution, more and e attention will be paid to dable sources of that pollusynthetic materials, includthe chemicals found in comrial cleaning products. As s stewards, we need to be erned about the long-term ts of the products we use. and more studies show products such as rug shamchlorinated scouring powmetal cleaners, ammonia, cleaners, drain cleaners. resheners, germ-killing distants, glass cleaners, launletergents, chlorine bleach. urniture cleaner may be enering our health. Many of products contain chemiwhich can cause cancer. en immune systems, and such symptoms as head-, depression, skin irritaand lung problems. Chilwomen, and those already ic are especially at risk.

e, nontoxic alternatives for ing are cheaper and refewer cleaning supplies. vinegar, baking soda, salt, i juice, liquid soap, borax, nonchlorinated scouring ar are basic cleaning sta-Why use toxic products safe alternatives are avail-

Alternative cleaners:

Drain cleaner

Pour a handful of baking soda and ½ cup distilled white vinegar down the drain. Cover tightly five minutes. Rinse with hot water.

Scouring powder

Use baking soda, borax (which kills mold), nonchlorinated scouring powder, or table salt on a wet cloth or sponge.

Glass cleaner

Half white vinegar and half water in a pump spray bottle.

Floor cleaner

One-quarter cup white vinegar in a gallon of water.

For more "recipes" and information, many resources are available at libraries and bookstores. Two of my favorites are written by Debra Lynn Dadd: The Nontoxic Home: Protecting Yourself and Your Family from Everyday Toxics and Health Hazards (J. P. Tarcher, 1986, \$9.95) and Nontoxic and Natural: How To Avoid Dangerous Everyday Products and Buy or Make Safe Ones (J. P. Tarcher, 1984, \$9.95).

Eline Knudson, a homemaker and mother of two, leads a support group for persons who are hypersensitive to modern chemicals commonly found in indoor air environments.

Carmen Garcia Nuñez "Nicky"

Iris Sosa

After Nicky recovered from openheart surgery, she decided to dedicate herself to God in a special way.

She was delighted when she was elected to the board of the Caribbean Synodical Women's Organization, because it would help her reach out farther in her service to God and God's kingdom. She graciously agreed to be chairperson for Mission: Community in Puerto Rico.

Nicky was always willing to lend her help. Because she had spent part of her life in New York she was fluent in both English and Spanish. She gave English classes to persons and groups.

A popular guest speaker, Nicky gave messages full of love, understanding, compassion, and touching spirituality.

Nicky was the Caribbean representative at the Women of the ELCA One in Christ Event. And when Hurricane Hugo hit the Caribbean in September 1989, Nicky was in Chicago on her way back from that event. She could not return to Puerto Rico, since the island airport was closed. She spent those days with Josefina Nieves-Lebron and went with



her to the ELCA churchwide office see how she could help. Nicky ju could not be still.

When the airport finally open after Hugo, she returned home, are with the help of other members her church—San Esteban Malpicashe started collecting for deliveritems needed in the communit Nicky also worked as a volunteer the bishop's office.

At the time of her death, Nice was still very involved in projects help our sisters and brothers in Stroix, St. John, and St. Thomas.

It will be very difficult to fill the void left by Nicky. She was such special person! ■

Iris Sosa is currently president of t Caribbean Synodical Women's C ganization of the Women of t ELCA.

*Carmen (Nicky) Garcia Nuñez wai member of the Caribbean Synodi Women's Organization board. Nicky d in November 1989 as the result of a accident suffered at a Women of Evangelical Lutheran Church in Am ca Leadership Event.

Coming Home for Thanksgiving

Barbara Benedict Hibschman

It was the first Thanksgiving since we moved far away from Dad. And since my seminary student husband, Jim, had a research paper to do, we wouldn't be going home to spend Thanksgiving with Dad.

We were saddened to get a phone call on Thanksgiving Eve and learn that Dad would be spending the holiday alone. My only brother, Stephen, a soldier at Fort Benning, Georgia, had a 48-hour pass, but he couldn't get a flight

but he couldn't get a flight.

After hanging up the phone, we exchanged looks of disappointment.

"If we could get a flight out and back in the same day, or early the next morning, I could still get this paper done," Jim reasoned.

"Tomorrow is Thanksgiving. Do you think we can still get a flight? And, if we could, do we have the money?"

"I think so, but it will have to be a big part of our Christmas," he suggested.

"Let's go for it," I agreed.

We did get a flight, and to our amazement we were packed and

off to the airport within a couple hours.

We arrived early in the morning. Our hearts were bursting with thankfulness for how it all worked out. We began to make preparations for the meal when an unexpected phone call from my brother urged us to hurry back to the airport. He had spent the night in Atlanta, waiting on stand-by. He, too, was coming home.

Because of all the traveling, the menu was not the traditional dinner with all the trimmings. No one minded. We were simply grateful to be together. Dad was so pleased. He knew his children

made every effort to be with him.

God our heavenly Father longs for his children to "come home" too. How it must please God when we make every effort to gather as brothers and sisters in Christ in praise and worship. It must delight God to hear our expressions of thanksgiving and joy.

Whether you have traditional turkey dinner or not, Thanksgiving can be experienced. It is an attitude of the heart. It is coming

home.

Barbara Hibschman, a free-lance writer from Warren, New Jersey, is a mother and the wife of a pastor.

EMBER 1990 37

Brief Prayers on News Items

Sonia C. Groenewold

South African churches gather for first time

In November, South African churches met under a single roof. This is the first time all of the churches have met as a group, said South African Council of Churches General Secretary Frank Chikane. Some South African churches have denounced the country's apartheid system while other churches have taken a less forceful stand, or no stand, against it.

Bless the churches' work in South Africa, O God, and bring freedom to

vour people.

Wisconsin congregations build bridges

Osseo Lutheran Church in Osseo. Wisconsin, held a forum designed to increase understanding and build bridges between Whites and Native Americans. Each spring just as the fishing season in Wisconsin approaches—when Native Americans engage in legal spear-fishing-incidents have erupted on boat landings. Several other Wisconsin congregations are leading the way toward peaceful coexistence and mutual respect for one another's life-styles.

Teach us to love and honor one another as equal partners in your cre-

ation, O God of Love.

Bangladesh Christians can own New Testament

The Bangladesh government ha lifted an earlier ban on the important tation or possession of the Benga version of the New Testament known as the Injil Sharif. Mission in Bangladesh had asked Christian around the world to plead, through local Bangladesh embassies, for th lifting of the ban.

Thank you, O Lord, that Bangle desh Christians can read your Word

Tanzania Lutherans ordain women

Tanzania's Evangelical Luthera Church (ELCT), with 1.4 million members, voted in July to orda women pastors.

The church's general assembly a proved the decision by an over whelming majority during a meetir at Morogoro, west of the capital ci of Dar es Salaam. The ELCT is t largest Lutheran church in Africa

God of change and growth, ble this decision of the Tanzania church and the new gifts for minist it ushers in.

Let the local, national, and interest tional news provide you with ma rial to build a daily prayer list.

Sonia C. Groenewold is news edi of The Lutheran.

Simple Task

Rebecca J. Berkas

as a warm day in tropical Madagascar and, after ng taken his fourth dip of the day in his wading my two-year-old son came trudging up the steps ting to get dressed yet again. He had all the right gs: socks, shoes, underpants, shorts, and a shirt. I ped what I was doing and we started the process. was not a simple task. Nathan was doing a somult as I tried to put on his underpants. He was lying as I tried to put on his shirt, and he was sitting tried to put on his shorts. He was jumping up and while I was trying to put on his socks and shoes. cept telling Nathan, "Help Mama," but the words t appear to have any effect on him. It took me ly 15 minutes just to get him dressed. Happy and he headed out to play, and I went back to my work. ot too long afterward I looked out in the yard only

e him pulling off his underpants and heading back into the I groaned and chastised myself for not dumping out the water I had the chance. Just as I suspected, within a few minutes rd the familiar words, "Dressed, Mama!" as he came marching

ne steps.

out the same time his little friend called for him from outside. sudden urgency he was ready to get dressed. He stood still even helped push his arms and legs through when I needed to. This time dressing was a simple task, and quickly he was

nd running.

ter that evening, during my devotions, I reflected on the day. g a few hours removed, I was able to chuckle at Nathan's s, and I began to think how very much like him I must appear e Lord at times. I come all prepared to do my Bible study, my prayer time, go to church. But then I get distracted and light of what I started to do, or I put up a struggle because I necessarily want to do what God is asking of me.

ere are other times, though, when it all seems to flow so well. ord and I work together. Indeed, God is with me all the time, ng to show me what is best if only I stop struggling, listen,

est in the Lord.

ng recently returned from Madagascar, Rebecca Lundeen Berives with her husband and two small children in St. Paul, esota. They plan to return to Madagascar after an extended leave.

A Foundation for Giving

Caroline had always wanted to make a gift to the Evangelical Lutheran Church in America but she felt that she needed the current income from her investments for living expenses.

In talking with staff members at the ELCA Foundation, however, she learned that she could make the gift now, through a life-income plan that would allow her significant tax savings. and still provide the income she expects to need now and in the future. The foundation will invest her gift to the church and pay her a quarterly dividend for the rest of her life. Then, after her death, the church will begin to receive the income from her gift.

"The purpose of the ELCA Foundation is to help people in their stewardship," said Harvey Stegemoeller, executive director of the ELCA Foundation. "Everything we have is a trust from the Lord, and however we use our assets—whether for family, church or other purpose—should be a manifestation of our Christian

commitment."

The foundation works with church members and others to advise them about giving strategies. It also helps them decide goals and purposes and enables them to realize the best tax advantages from each gift. There are a number of ways to make special gifts to the church; and, indeed, many of the ministries of the ELCA are supported by these special gifts and bequests.

"The scholarship and grants program of Women of the ELCA is entirely the result of past gifts from generous donors," said Charlotte Fiechter. executive director of the women's organization. Recently, according to Fiechter, a donor wanted to make a gift to the women's organization to honor a friend. In talking with foundation staff member Jim Jensen she learned that, because of tax laws that encourage gifts to churches and charitable institutions, she was able to make a

The scholarship and grants program of Women of the ELCA is entirely the result of past gifts from generous donors.

er gift than she had ned—at no additionst.

he planned gift of 000 would have givhis donor, who is in 28 percent tax bracki federal tax deducworth \$5,600. By ng the deduction to gift the donor was to give the church 300 instead of the 000 she had planned. undation staff memmake more than calls a year to talk church members t their giving plans. nany cases, people land or shares of that have increased alue. Beverly and owned stock in a pany which had n greatly in value which paid no divils. By giving the to Women of the they not only rel a large tax deducor the gift and an asl lifetime income. ney did not have to apital-gains tax on creased value of the

nors have many givptions. For example, can leave money to nurch through their take part in one of life income plans, e an insurance polmake an outright the church. Those ive through one of the income plans know that their gift benefits from the best professional money management and that they can rely on annual or quarterly payments. The donor can always designate the ministry to which the gift should go. In addition, people who make gifts during their lifetime have the joy of seeing their gifts at work in the ministries of the church.

Unfortunately, many people fail to plan. Stegemoeller points out that 70 percent of United States' citizens die without wills, and the assets of such people are distributed according to the inheritance laws of their respective states. One ELCA member told Stegemoeller that she decided to draw up her will when she learned that, if she died without making a will, her property would be divided among 27 first cousins, some of whom she'd never even met!

Persuading people to be responsible about making wills is a major educational task, according to Stegemoeller. "The ministry of Christ should always rank as a priority when we think of what we want to accomplish," he noted. "However we spend our money, Christians should look at stewardship as extending to all assets."

verything we have is a trust from the Lord, and however we use our assets should be a manifestation of our Christian commitment.

MBER 1990 41

Sharing the Stories

Videotapes introduced at the First Triennial Convention in July, audiotapes of the convention's keynote speakers, and videotaped highlights of the convention are important Women of the ELCA resources to share throughout the coming triennium. For example:

- ♦ Joyful, Thankful, Prayerful: Images of Women of the ELCA tells the story of Women of the ELCA through the stories of six participants. The 17-minute video is accompanied by a user guide that includes the music and lyrics to Pastor Gladys Moore's accompanying hymn. (Available from Augsburg Fortress locations, order number 35-801-2102, \$10.00.)
- ♦ Not a One-Way Street: The Church Responds to Illiteracy tells the stories of people—students and tutors—whose lives are changed because of church involvement in literacy efforts. This two-part videotape (each part about 24 minutes long) with study guide may be ordered from the ELCA Distribution Service (phone 800-328-4648) for \$15, plus a \$3.25 handling fee per order, code number 69-7024.
- ♦ Hosanna, an independent ministry, audiotaped the keynote speakers and many of the workshops during the triennial convention. These tapes, an "aural history" of the tri-



ennial convention, may be ordere through July 1991. Tapes of speal ers include Christine Grumn (#201), Sister Paula Gonzale (#202), Dr. Musimbi Kanyor (#204), Bishop Herbert Chilstron (#205), the Rev. Maria-Alma Cop land (#206), Mary Schramm (#208 and the Rev. Jan Brosen (#209).

To order, send \$3 per tape to H sanna, 2421 Aztec Road NE, Alb querque, NM 87107-4224, adding a per order for handling. Include you name, address, and telephone nur ber (with area code), and paymer with the order. Note the speakername, code number of the tape, as "Women of the ELCA Triennial Covention" on your request. For a coplete list of the convention tap available, write to Hosanna at taddress above.

♦ The November 1990 edition MOSAIC (ELCA's video magazing includes a 10-minute summary Women of the ELCA's First Trient Convention and three feature store on women and their ministries in the church. To subscribe (5 issues \$40) or to obtain an individual of the November edition (\$10), and MOSAIC Circulation at 800-34648.

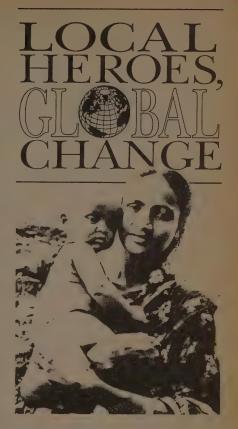
ISSION: Action

four-part television sest that recently aired on Public badcasting System stations oss the country strives to recestereotypical images we may be of economically disadvanted countries with visions of the self-sufficiency, and success. led "Local Heroes, Global ange," the series looks at much he overseas world through the sof the people themselves.

n these four one-hour proms, the disparity of wealth that its between countries of the intrial North and nations of the ith is examined. People who pereate positive change in ntries from South Asia to Westica tell their stories and exing what development has come nean for them. The result is a ring, intimate, and hope-filled stage of faces and facts.

vangelical Lutheran Church America congregations have n urged to form study groups iew and discuss "Local Heroes, bal Change" programs. Luran Woman Today previewed piece in December 1989 under earlier title "Breakthrough on nger." If your congregation it organize a group before the w's airing on PBS, why not controlled the purchased on videotape,

your discussion group can se awareness and build a nger sense of community with ple around the world and in your congregation. The gram material on the tape rens relevant, and owning a copy



of the tape allows your group much more study flexibility in terms of time and content.

Because the ELCA served as part of an interreligious coalition that offered production advice to the series, any ELCA congregation can buy videotaped copies of the programs at a substantially reduced rate. The four programs are on two VHS tapes and come with a study guide and leader/teacher guide. Order from Vision Video, Box 540, 2030 Wentz Church Rd., Worcester, Pennsylvania 19490, phone: 1-800-523-0226. Payment of \$73.90 includes shipping and must accompany an order. ■

Jennifer Weiss Mission: Action

MISSION: Community

Designated Gifts Keep on Giving

Gifts are ways to show others that we appreciate them, that we want the best for them and consider them valued persons in our community. When women give their gifts for specific ministries of the ELCA and Women of the ELCA, they are enabling the Christian community to keep its gifts—its talents, skills, commitments, and vision—in motion for the sake of others.

Designated gifts do many things: support missionaries, help develop leadership skills in the global community, encourage personal and professional growth, bring the hope of the gospel to daily-life situations, and engage each of us in mission and ministry.

Women of the ELCA offers the following designated giving opportunities in 1990:

Project/Program	No.	Goal	*Yr. to date
ELCA World Hunger Appeal	555	\$78,000	\$37,152
The Lutheran Center for Lay Ministry	564	23,000	1,663
Lutheran Appalachian Ministries	565	18,000	2,964
Multicultural Ministry of the Rocky			
Mountain and Grand Canyon Synods	566	30,000	165
Northern Minnesota Indian Ministry	567	14,000	1,267
Eskimo Ministry	568	40,000	990
Evangelistic Outreach through Media			
(Peru, Cameroon, Japan)	569	30,000	105
Missionary Support	570	100,000	23,472
Mekane Yesus Church, Ethiopia	571	30,000	430

Women of the ELCA

erseas Scholarships for			
heological Study	572	57,000	-0-
dership Development in			
entral and Latin America	573	50,000	716
CA Braille and Tape Ministry	574	30,000	1,373
elebration of the Ministries of Women			
20th Anniversary of Women's			
rdination in the Lutheran Church)	521	10,000	3,058
ources for Learning, Growing and			
eing Challenged (Women of the ELCA			
esource production)	523	20,000	596
ring the Good News (Evangelism)	524	10,000	2,533
Ecumenical Decade: Churches in			
olidarity with Women, 1988-1998	525	5,000	676
npaign in Support of Women in		no	
lamibia	527	maximum	25,569
istries to and with Women			
nd Children in Poverty	528	30,000	3,970
ological Conferences for Women	529	20,000	-0-
ınteer Reading Aides (Literacy)	530	10,000	3,101
als as of August 31, 1990			

Give the gift that keeps on giving, the gift that empowers women and men in and for ministry. Make your check payable to "Women of the ELCA" and indicate the program name and number you wish to support. Gifts received beyond that needed for any one program will be applied to another program in the list. Send your check to

Designated Gifts Women of the ELCA 8765 W. Higgins Road Chicago, IL 60631

May God who has designated special gifts for your use, continue to bless you as you discover and develop your gifts for ministry.

Bonnie Belasic Director for Communication and Stewardship Interpretation

EMBER 1990 45



A New Version of an 'Old, Old Story'

After 15 years of intense work under the sponsorship of the National Council of Churches, the New Revised Standard Version of the Bible has been published. Its official publication date was September 30, 1990 (though publishers were given permission to release copies beginning May 1). As usage of the NRSV increases and it gains acceptance, publishers will likely begin to phase out their remaining stock of the Revised Standard Version, the NRSV's predecessor.

The translation team for the new version included scholars, both men and women, from a wide range of Protestant, Roman Catholic, Orthodox, and Jewish traditions. (One Lutheran scholar was on the 32-member translation team, and other Lutherans served as advisors.) The translation team worked to offer an unbiased, standard text that is "as literal as possible, as free as necessary."

Great care has been taken to make the language used in the NRSV understandable and accurate. Its use is both dignified and reverent. Sever features update the RSV, including replacement of archaic words, correction of confusing word order, updating English words that have changed meanings, use of common gender when intended in anciel languages, and improvements it clarity and sound of text. (Not terms that refer to God and Chrisin the masculine gender have no been changed.)

The NRSV has been recommen ed by ELCA Bishop Herbert Ch strom and others as a solid transition and a version worth study Women of the ELCA has already by gun to incorporate texts from the NRSV into some of its material Several monthly texts from the 19 Women of the ELCA calendar uthe new translation, and a number of programs being developed 1992 will use NRSV biblical texts.

Some of the new resources bei developed by Augsburg Fortress was the NRSV as a primary te These include: Sunday school curred ulum for youth and adults, commation curriculum, bulletins, a worship supplements. In additional Augsburg Fortress will make availe several types of NRSV Biblioncluding special imprint editions gift and award edition with standard pew edition. Crysta W

Mission: Grou

came that they ay have life, and ave it abundantly" ohn 10:10b).

♦♦ Devotion

Abundant Life

pundant life is so big a promise that it is difficult accept. Abundance is, well, too much. It seems greedy presumptuous to accept more than enough. Surely we n't deserve anything so good! If abundant life were a ocolate cake, it would be big, rich, and delicious.

But, more often than not, we refuse the gift. Or we cept a smaller piece—one that we can manage and atrol. If abundant life were a chocolate cake we'd ask

"just a sliver," or maybe pass it up entirely.

If abundant life were a chocolate cake, chocolate cake uld be good for us and everyone could and would enjoy If abundant life were a chocolate cake, we wouldn't ve to pay for it and we couldn't bake it ourselves. We uldn't have to do anything special to claim a piece, d we wouldn't have to wait until after supper to eat

If abundant life were a chocolate cake, people might proach it differently. Some would be in the middle of repast before realizing, "Goodness! This is something scial!" Others would circle around the table first, anipating the taste, preparing for the first mouthful.

If abundant life were a chocolate cake, it would have adles on top and a crowd of hungry people around it. e crowd would be made up of all different kinds of ople from all over the world, but these people would am more like neighbors than strangers. If abundant were a chocolate cake there would be more than ough for everyone. In fact, there would be so much it one is moved to share freely, and it would be so good it everyone would ask for the recipe.

Abundant life, a gift from Christ Jesus, is ours to claim. s bigger and richer and more delicious than anything can imagine. In the taste of abundant life there is a

etaste of the feast to come.

Sue Edison-Swift Park Ridge, Illinois



Weave

Genie Craven

During a tour of the Lutheran Center in Chicago, I stood for a long time looking at the wall of woven fabric strips representing the congregations of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in America.

The variety of colors and textures spoke of the diverse people we are and what we bring to our congregations and to the church at large. I couldn't help but remember the words often sung by Women of the ELCA during its early days . . .

"Weave, weave, weave us together. Weave us together in unity and love. Weave, weave, weave us together. Weave us together, together in love."

There on the wall were strips of rough-textured burlap, shiny satin and crayon on torn muslin. Some strips were made with intricate stitches on aida cloth. Among the strips were the professional and the amateurish.

"We are many textures, we are many colors, Each one different from the other.
But we are entwined with one another In one great tapestry."

The line "one great tapestry" came back to me when I visited the AIDS memorial quilt, also known as "The Names Project," when it traveled to Columbus, Ohio. Again I was struck with the variety of materials and creativity used to make 3-inch by 6-inch panels to name, date, and symbolize persons who had died from Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome. People viewing the quilt grieved for those known and unknown.

"We are different instruments
Playing our own melodies,
Each one tuning to a different key
Weave us together in love."

Those powerful emotions were evoked once again as I visited the Vietnam Veterans Memorial in Washington, D.C. No soft weavings here, but a tapestry nevertheless. A different texture, a wall of cold stone, etched sharply with so many names... I reached out to trace a name with my fingertips, almost as if I were reading braille.

"A moment ago, still we did not know our unity, only diversity. Now the Christ in me greets the Christ in thee in one great family." Mark I

Weaving and textures, congregational strips, a memorial quilt, names on a wall. The fabric of life.

God, we ask that you

"Weave, weave, weave us together. Weave us together in unity and love. Weave, weave, weave us together. Weave us together, together in love."*

Genie Craven serves as Christian education coordinator for Holy Trinity Lutheran Church, Upper Arlington, Ohio and is an active participant in Women of the ELCA.

* Copyright 1979 Rosemary Crow. Used by permission. Available on the cassette, album and songbook entitled GO IN PEACE and may be ordered from Rosemary Crow (33 Deerhaven Lane, Asheville, N.C. 28803).

dividual subscriptions at \$8.00 (regular and big print) may be sent to:

Lutheran Woman Today Circulation 426 South 5th Street, Box 1209 Minneapolis, MN 55440

(Group subscriptions n	nay be available in you	ır congregation.)
E		
RESS		
	STATE	ZIP
e send a gift card from	(name and	l address)
nt enclosed:	regular pri	int \$8.00 big print \$8.00
5.00 for addresses outside No	rth America.	
Check Visa	Mastercard	American Express
t Card		
t Card exp. date	Signature	



All kinds of people
... bound together as or
In the church,
God's patchwork of love.

See "Patchwork of Love," p.

